2019 QUICK FACTS
Pop.: 31,959
% Rural*: 71.6%
Age <18: 19.1%
Age 65+: 20.3%
(Rules 2019, *2010)
Race/Ethnicity:
White Non-Hispanic: 94.9%
Hispanic: 1.4%
Multi-Race Non-Hispanic: 1.3%

HEALTH OUTCOMES IN CLAIBORNE COUNTY

Claiborne TN US
Fair/Poor Health 22.0% 19.7% (RWJF/CDC 2017)
Adult Diabetes 14.4% 12.0% (CDC 2017**)
Poor Mental Health Days (out of 30) 4.8 4.4 (RWJF/CDC 2017)
Obese Adults 30.6% 34.6% (CDC 2017**)
Overweight/Obese Students 48.5% 39.3% (Kids Count 2018)
Low Birth Weight Babies 9.1% 9.3% (Kids Count 2018)

Overall Health Ranking (RWJF 2020)

THE DRIVERS OF HEALTH

Our behaviors, physical, social, and economic environments, and access to clinical care are all major drivers of health.

Clinical Care 20%
Health Behavior 30%
Social & Economic Environment 40%
Physical Environment 10%

The factors that drive our health are complex and interconnected. They can affect each other while also influencing our health and well-being.

For more details, visit www.SycamoreInstituteTN.org/Counties.
## Socio-Economic Environment

- **Poverty Rate**: 23.6% **(Census 2014-18)**, **16.1%** **(US Census 2014-18)**
- **Educational Attainment**: 21.5% **(Census 2014-18)**, 33.8% **(US Census 2014-18)**
- **Unemployment Rate**: 4.2% **(BLS 2019)**, 3.4% **(US Census 2019)**
- **Crime Rate**: 39.8 **(per 1K pop.)** **(TBI 2019)**, 77.8 **(US Census 2014-18)**

## Health Behavior

- **Drug Overdose Deaths**: 25.6 **(per 100K pop.)** **(CDC 2014-18)**, 46.4 **(RWJF/CDC 2017)**
- **Adult Smokers**: 22.7% **(RWJF/CDC 2017)**, 23.0% **(RWJF/CDC 2017)**
- **Physically Inactive Adults**: 26.8% **(CDC 2017)**, 29.4% **(CDC 2017)**
- **Excessive Drinking**: 14.1% **(RWJF/CDC 2017)**, 14.0% **(RWJF/CDC 2017)**

## Clinical Care

- **Uninsured Rate, Age <65**: 11.8% **(Census 2018)**, 12.0% **(US Census 2018)**
- **Pregnant Women Receiving Adequate Prenatal Care**: 65.5% **(Kids Count 2018)**, 58.8% **(US Census 2018)**
- **Mental Health Providers**: 16 **(per 100K pop.)** **(RWJF/CMS 2019)**, 152 **(RWJF/CMS 2019)**, 250 **(RWJF/CMS 2019)**

## Physical Environment

- **Air Quality**: 9.7 **(micrograms of particulate matter per cubic meter)** **(CDC 2016)**, 8.7** (CDC 2016)**
- **Percent with Severe Housing Problems**: 14.9% **(HUD 2013-17)**, 14.2% **(HUD 2013-17)**

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For more details, visit [www.SycamoreInstituteTN.org/Counties](http://www.SycamoreInstituteTN.org/Counties).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Claiborne County</th>
<th>TN</th>
<th>US</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Value</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rank</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>QUICK FACTS:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population (2019)</td>
<td>31,959</td>
<td>6,829,174</td>
<td>328,239,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of population under age 18 (2019)</td>
<td>19.1%</td>
<td>22.1%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of population age 65+ (2019)</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of population residing in a rural area (2010)</td>
<td>71.6%</td>
<td>34.4%</td>
<td>21.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HEALTH OUTCOMES:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults who rate their health as “poor” or “fair” (2017)</td>
<td>22.0%</td>
<td>19.7%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults age 20+ diagnosed with diabetes (2017)</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
<td>12.0%***</td>
<td>10.1%***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avg # of mentally unhealthy days reported in the past month (2017)</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults age 20+ who are obese (2017)</td>
<td>30.6%</td>
<td>34.6%***</td>
<td>33.7%***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of public school students who are overweight or obese (2018)</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
<td>39.3%</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of births that are considered low birth weight births (2018)</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SOCIAL &amp; ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of people with incomes below the poverty level (2014-2018)</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td>14.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults age 25+ with at least an associate’s degree (2014-2018)</td>
<td>21.5%</td>
<td>33.8%</td>
<td>39.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of labor force that is unemployed (2019)</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median household income (2014-2018)</td>
<td>$36,077</td>
<td>$50,972</td>
<td>$60,293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of crimes per 1K population (2019)</td>
<td>39.8</td>
<td>77.8</td>
<td>n/a*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HEALTH BEHAVIOR:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of drug overdose deaths per 100K population (age adj.) (2014-2018)</td>
<td>46.4*</td>
<td>65**</td>
<td>25.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults who currently smoke cigarettes (2017)</td>
<td>22.7%</td>
<td>22.6%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults age 20+ reporting no leisure-time physical activity (2017)</td>
<td>26.8%</td>
<td>29.4%***</td>
<td>24.9%***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking (2017)</td>
<td>14.1%</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CLINICAL CARE:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of individuals under age 65 who are uninsured (2018)</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of pregnant women receiving adequate prenatal care (2018)</td>
<td>65.5%</td>
<td>58.8%</td>
<td>n/a*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of mental health providers per 100K population (2019)</td>
<td>16*</td>
<td>76**</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avg annual micrograms of particulate per cubic meter of air (2016)</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>8.7****</td>
<td>7.6****</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% of households with at least 1 severe housing problem (spend &gt;50% of income on housing, overcrowded housing, or lack of complete kitchen or plumbing) (2013-2017)</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
<td>14.2%</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* “n/a” means that data are not available. In some cases, national data comparable to state/county data are unavailable. In others, low figures in some counties were suppressed for privacy reasons.
** For “Quick Facts,” a rank of 1 indicates highest value. For all other measures, a rank of 1 is best and 95 worst. For example, the county with the highest diabetes rate ranks 95*. Due to data availability, only 69 counties are ranked for overdose deaths and 89 counties for mental health providers.
*** TN and US values represents the median value across all counties.
**** TN and US values represents the averages across all counties.

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